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such infected locality shall be detained at such points at or near the border line of the State of Arkansas as may be selected by the State health officer, for observation, isolation, or treatment of the sick, and for fumigation of baggage, freight, and other articles as the case may require and as may be suitable and proper. The length of time of detention and the method of treatment of the sick and fumigation of property, freight, baggage of persons coming from such infected point shall be determined by the State health officer at the time of the declaration of such quarantine, and from time to time thereafter as may be convenient and seem expedient.

Street Cars—Sanitation and Heating of. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 16, 1913.)

328. Each and every car used upon every railway in a city or on an interurban line for the carrying or transportation of passengers, shall, on each and every day on which it may be used for the carrying and transportation of passengers, be carefully and thoroughly washed and cleaned in the following manner:

(a) The floors and platforms to be washed with soap or other cleansing agent, and water and all dirt removed by the use of a stiff brush.

(b) All woodwork around windows, doors, and arms of chairs shall be cleaned by washing.

329. There shall be posted in every street car in every municipality a notice conspicuously placed and sufficiently large to be easily read by the passengers, the following sign: "Do not spit on the floor; to do so may spread disease."

The penalty for violation of this regulation shall be printed on the card and may be in small type.

330. Street cars shall at all times be properly ventilated by the opening of doors, windows, and transoms.

331. Provision shall be made for the heating of cars during cold weather when the outside temperature is 40° F. or below, and the temperature shall during such weather be kept at a comfortable degree.

Transportation of Dead Bodies—Rules for. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 16, 1913.)

RULE 1. The transportation of bodies dead of smallpox or bubonic plague from, in, or into the State of Arkansas is absolutely forbidden.

RULE 2. The bodies of those who have died of Asiatic cholera, diphtheria (membranous croup), scarlet fever (scarlatina, scarlet rash), erysipelas, glanders, anthrax, or leprosy shall not be accepted for transportation unless prepared for shipment by being thoroughly disinfected by (a) arterial and cavity injection with an approved disinfectant fluid, (b) disinfecting and stopping of all orifices with absorbent cotton, (c) washing the body with the disinfectant, all of which must be done by an embalmer holding a certificate as such, approved by the Arkansas State Board of Embalmers. After being disinfected as above, such bodies shall be incased in an air-tight zinc, tin, copper, or lead lined coffin or iron casket, all joints and seams hermetically soldered, and all inclosed in a strong, tight wooden box. Or the body, being prepared for shipment as above outlined, may be placed in a strong coffin or casket, and said coffin or casket incased in an air-tight zinc, copper, or tin case, all joints and seams hermetically soldered, and all incased in a strong outside wooden box.

RULE 3. The bodies of those dead of typhoid fever, puerperal fever, tuberculosis, measles, epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, anterior poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis), may be received for transportation when prepared for shipment

by filling cavities with an approved disinfectant, washing the exterior of the body with the same, stopping all orifices with absorbent cotton, and all incased in an air-tight coffin or casket: *Provided*, That this shall apply only to bodies which can reach their destination within 30 hours from the time of death. In case such body can not reach destination in 30 hours it shall be prepared for transportation in compliance with rule 2, but when the body has been prepared for shipment by being thoroughly disinfected by an embalmer holding a certificate as in rule 2, the air-tight sealing may be dispensed with.

RULE 4. The bodies of those dead of diseases for causes not stated in rules 2 and 3 may be received for transportation when encased in a sound coffin or casket and inclosed in a strong outside wooden box: *Provided*, They reach their destination within 30 hours from time of death. If the body can not reach its destination within 30 hours from time of death it must be prepared for shipment by arterial and cavity injection with an approved disinfectant fluid, washing the exterior of the body with the same, stopping all orifices with absorbent cotton, and incased in an air-tight coffin or casket. But when the body has been prepared for shipping by being thoroughly disinfected as in rule 2, the air-tight sealing may be dispensed with.

RULE 5. In the shipment of bodies dead from any disease named in rule 2 the body must not be accompanied by persons or articles which have been exposed to the infection of the disease, unless certified by the health officer as having been properly disinfected; and before selling passage tickets agents shall carefully examine the transit permit and note the name of the passenger in charge and any others proposing to accompany the body and see that all necessary precautions have been taken to prevent the spread of disease. The transit permit in such cases shall specifically state who is authorized by the health authorities to accompany the remains. In all cases where bodies are forwarded under rule 2 notice must be sent by telegraph to the health officer at destination advising the date and train on which the body may be expected. This notice must be sent by the shipping undertaken to the health officer at the destination.

RULE 6. Every dead body must be accompanied by a person in charge, who must be provided with a passage ticket and also a full first-class ticket marked "Corpse" for the transportation of the body, and a transit permit and a removal permit issued by the local registrar of the municipality or township in which the death occurred, giving the place of death, name of the deceased, age, sex, color, or race, date and hour of death, cause of death, including the name of the physician or coroner signing the death certificate, the point to which the body is to be transported, and when death is caused by any of the diseases specified in rule 2 the name of person authorized by the health officer to accompany the body; also the name of the undertaker shipping the body, over the signature of the local registrar and certificate of the shipping undertaker, stating that the body has been prepared strictly in accordance with the rule under which the shipment was made. The transit permit unfolded must be tacked on the top of the outside box. The removal permit shall be handed to the passenger in charge of the corpse. All outside boxes must be fitted with at least six handles, two on each side and one on each end.

RULE 7. When dead bodies are shipped by express the removal and transit permits shall be tacked unfolded upon the top of the outside box.

RULE 8. Disinterred bodies of persons who have died of any disease or cause shall be treated as infectious or dangerous to the public health and shall not be sent for transportation in or removal from this State unless said removal has been approved by the State health officer, and no such body shall be brought

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into Arkansas without the approval of the public health authorities having jurisdiction of the place where such body is disinterred, and no such bodies shall be transported, received, or buried in this State unless satisfactory evidence of compliance with the rules of this board respecting the same shall be submitted to the State health officer and his written consent obtained to such transportation, receipt, or burial. All such disinterred remains shall be inclosed in an hermetically soldered zinc, tin, or copper-lined box. But bodies deposited in receiving vaults shall not be treated the same as buried bodies when originally prepared by a licensed embalmer as defined in rule 2, provided the shipment takes place within 30 days from the time of death. The shipment of bodies prepared in the manner above directed by a licensed embalmer from receiving vaults may be made within 30 days from time of death without the necessity of obtaining permission from the health authorities of the locality to which the body is consigned. After 30 days the casket or coffin box containing said body must be inclosed in an hermetically soldered box.

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